

Graphing Quadratics in Intercept Form

Solve each of the following equations.

Example: $(x+5)(2x+5)=0$

Solution

$$\begin{array}{l} x+5=0 \quad 2x+5=0 \\ x=-5 \quad 2x=-5 \\ \quad \quad x=-5/2 \end{array}$$

$\{-5, -5/2\}$

1. $(3x-2)(x+2)=0$

2. $(x-7)(x-3)=0$

3. $(x+9)(x-9)=0$

4. $(3x+2)(2x-7)=0$

5. $(x+7)(x+9)=0$

Example: $y = -(x+4)(x-2)$

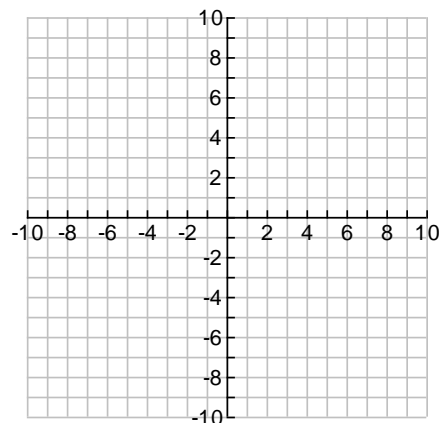
Which way does the graph open? _____

The x-intercepts are: _____

y-intercept	vertex

x					
y					

Sketch the graph.



Graphing Quadratics in Intercept Form

6. $y = (x - 3)(x - 5)$

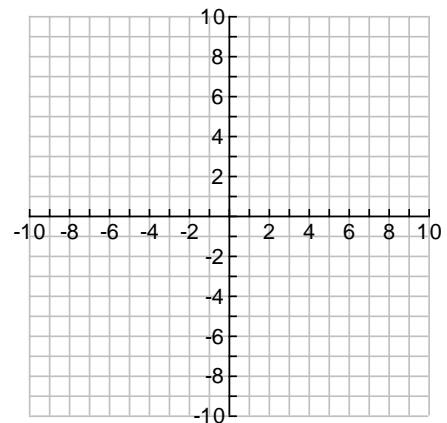
Which way does the graph open? _____

The x-intercepts are: _____

y-intercept						vertex					
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x					
y					

Sketch the graph.



7. $y = 2(x - 3)(x - 4)$

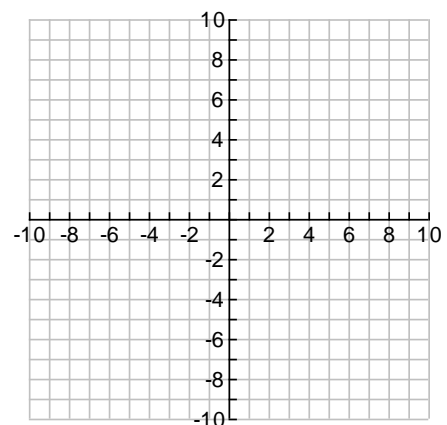
Which way does the graph open? _____

The x-intercepts are: _____

y-intercept						vertex					
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x					
y					

Sketch the graph.



Graphing Quadratics in Intercept Form

8. $y = (x - 7)(x - 1)$

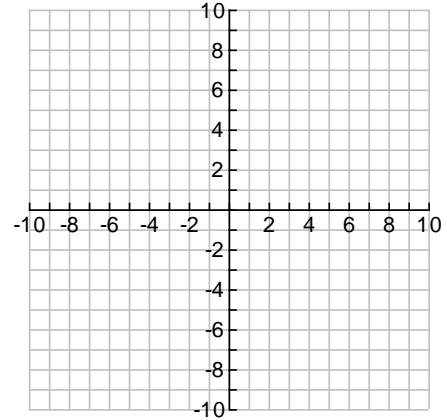
Which way does the graph open? _____

The x-intercepts are: _____

y-intercept	vertex

x					
y					

Sketch the graph.



9. $y = -2x(x + 4)$

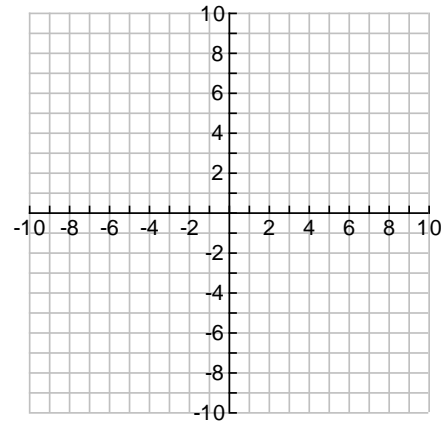
Which way does the graph open? _____

The x-intercepts are: _____

y-intercept	vertex

x					
y					

Sketch the graph.



Multiply the following polynomials.

Example: $(x + 5)(2x - 3)$

Techniques: Box Method or FOIL (First, Outer, Inner, Last)

$(x + 5)(2x - 3)$	$(x + 5)(2x - 3)$
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10. $(x+5)(x-4)$

11. $(x+7)(x+4)$

12. $(2x-5)(2x+5)$

13. $(x-11)(x-2)$

14. $(3x+7)(2x-4)$

15. $2(x-4)(x-8)$

Change the following quadratic functions to standard form.

Example: $y = 2(x-4)(x-8)$

16. $y = (x+3)(x+1)$

17. $y = (x-7)(x-2)$

18. $y = (x-5)(x+2)$

19. $y = -2(x-4)(x-1)$

20. $y = (x-2)(3x+1)$