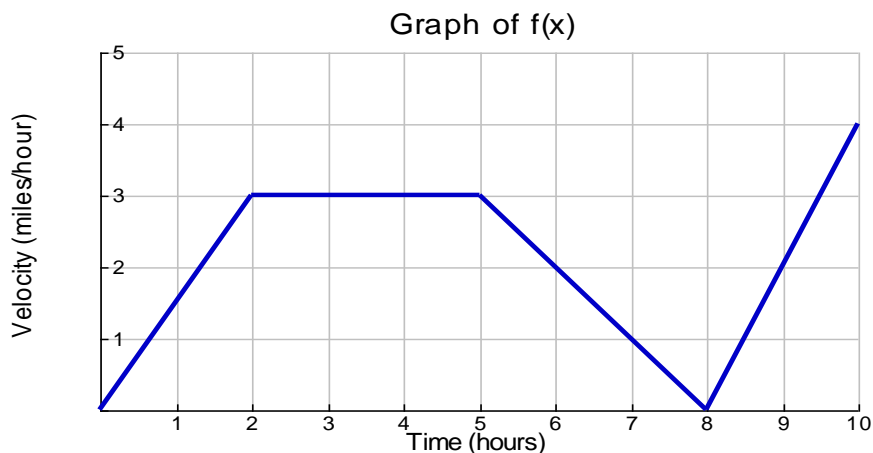




# Welcome to AP Calculus!



## A. Functional Values

$f(4) =$	$f(0) =$	$f(8) =$
$f(3) =$	$f(9) =$	$f(1) =$

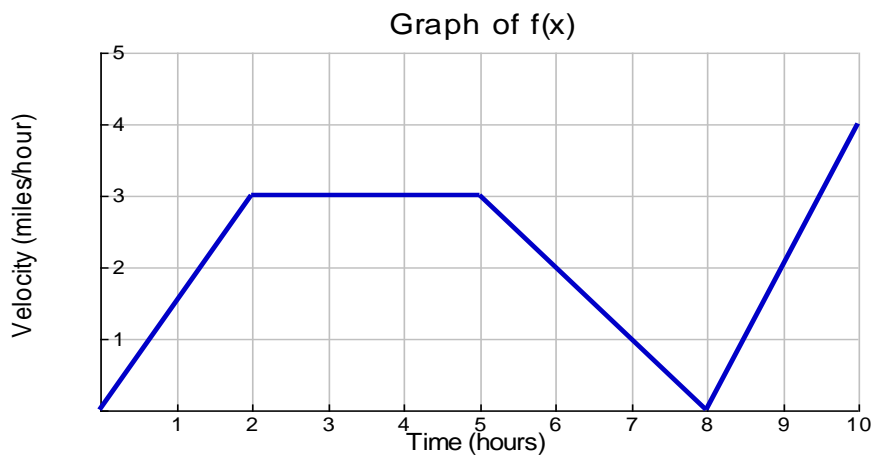
What might  $f(3)$  mean in the “real world”?

What is happening from  $x = 2$  to  $x = 5$ ?

## B. Limits ( $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$ means what does $f(x)$ get close to as $x$ approaches 3)

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) =$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 8} f(x) =$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} f(x) =$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} f(x) =$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) =$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 10^-} f(x) =$

As the time approaches 10 hours, what is Smiley Face’s velocity?



C. Derivatives ( $f'(1)$ ) means find the rate of change at  $x = 1$ . In other words find the slope at 1 or the acceleration of Smiley Face at 1 hour.

$f'(1) =$	$f'(3) =$	$f'(7) =$
$f'(9) =$	$f'(6) =$	* $f'(2) =$

What does  $f'(6)$  mean in the “real world”

What is Smiley Face’s acceleration at  $x = 3$ ?

D. Integrals ( $\int_2^5 f(x)dx$  means find the area under the graph of  $f(x)$  from  $x = 2$  to  $x = 5$ . Hint: Direction matters)

$\int_2^5 f(x)dx$	$\int_0^2 f(x)dx$	$\int_5^8 f(x)dx$
$\int_8^{10} f(x)dx$	$\int_0^{10} f(x)dx$	* $\int_5^2 f(x)dx$

What does  $\int_2^5 f(x)dx$  mean in the “real world”?

How far does Smiley travel from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 10$ ?